# PORT HEALTH AND RIPARIAN AUTHORITIES

# ANNUAL REPORTS OF MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH

- 1. Article 17(5) of the Sanitary Officers (Outside London) Regulations, 1935, provides that a Medical Officer of Health shall, as soon as practicable after the 31st day of December in each year, make an Annual Report to the Authority up to the end of December on the sanitary circumstances, the sanitary administration and the vital statistics of the District, containing, in addition to any other matters upon which he may consider it desirable to report, such information as may from time to time be required by the Minister.
- 2. Article 27(18) of the Regulations provides that the Sanitary Inspector shall, as soon as practicable after the 31st day of December in each year, furnish the Medical Officer of Health with a tabular statement containing the following particulars:—
  - (a) The number and nature of inspections made by him during the year;
  - (b) The number of notices served during the year, distinguishing statutory from informal notices;
  - (c) The result of the service of such notices.
- 3. The records of the Authority should accordingly be kept in such form as to enable their Medical Officer of Health to prepare his Report without delay at the close of each year. The Report should be in the form and sequence indicated herein—the lettering of the tables being adhered to.
- 4. The Medical Officer of Health should include in his Report any comments which he may think desirable (I) under the several heads indicated herein, and (2) in regard to the need for any developments or extensions which, in his opinion, are necessary to render the work of the Authority fully efficient.
- 5. In the case of those ports which are approved under the Aliens Order, 1920, for the landing of aliens, the Medical Officer of Health should report generally upon the work of medical inspection of aliens.
- 6. The Medical Officer of Health should send to the Minister three copies of his Report by the 31st March of the year following that to which the report relates. The copies should be addressed to The Secretary, Ministry of Health, Whitehall, London, S.W.1. If the Authority are not the Council of a County Borough, the Medical Officer of Health should also send a copy of his Report to the County Council and, where a Port Health District is in more than one administrative county, a copy should be sent to the Council of each County concerned.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH, Whitehall, S.W.I.

December, 1946.

#### **APPENDIX**

MATTERS TO BE DEALT WITH IN THE ANNUAL REPORTS OF PORT MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH

### I. Amount of Shipping Entering the Port during the Year

					TABLE	A				
				Number inspected				Number of vessels	Number of vessels	
		Number Tonnage				reported to be defective	defects	were found and re- ported to	had, during the voyage	
Foreign	Steamers *Motor Sailing Fishing	• • •	212	2,6141		Nic	Nic			
Total I	Foreign		212	2,641		Nic	Nic			
Coastwise:	Steamers *Motor Sailing Eishing	•••	356	6,229		Nic	Nic	~	;	-
Total C	Coastwise		356	6,229		Nic	Nic		~	
Total Forei	gn and Coastv	wise	568	8.840		Nic	NIC		~	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes mechanically propelled vessels other than steamers.

8,870

### II. Character of Trade of Port

Table B

(a) Passenger Traffic during the year

No. of Passengers	ıst Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	Transmigrants					
Inwards	•••								
Outwards									

(b) Cargo Traffic

Principal imports. Principal exports.

(c)

Foreign Ports from which vessels arrive.

### \* MEDICAL INSPECTION OF ALIENS

Annual return by the Medical Inspector of Aliens for the year ended 31st December, 194-Certificates issued Number subjected Number to detailed Landing Trans-Inspected migrants examinanecessary Suffering TOTAL by the Undesirtion by Lunatic Physically for Medical the idiot incapaadequate infectious Inspector medical Medical citated medical or M.D. reasons disease Inspector examination (a) Total number of Aliens landing at the Port ... (b) Aliens refused permission to land by Immigration Officer (c) Transmigrants Total Aliens arriving at the Port ...

Total number of vessels carrying Alien passengers ... Number of Vessels dealt with by the Medical Inspector

### KINGSBAIDGE AND S.I.CO BE PORT BEAUTH AUTHORITY.

## III. JATER SUPPLY.

- (1) The South Devon ater Loard.
- (2) Water supplied by a motor boat which is filled from a standpipe on the Council's Mains. The water boat and hoses are kept in a good sanitary condition.

# IV. PORT HEALTH REGULATIONS, 1933 AND 1945.

- (1) Arrangements could be put into operation if and when necessary.
- (2) do -
- (3) No docks in port.
- (4) do -
- (5) None.
- (6) None.
- (7) (a) to (f) Arrangements could be made if and when necessary.
- (8) Could be sent to the Public Health Laboratory Service.
- (9) do -
- (10) Cases would be sent to Tymo th for treatment.
- (11) Arrangements could be made if and when necessary.
- (12) do -

## V. MEASURES AGAINST RODEFTS.

No steps are taken for detection of rodents on ships, but the quays, wharves, etc. are included in the inspections made from time to time for detection of rats.

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### III. Water Supply

- (1) Source of supply for (a) the port, (b) shipping.
- (2) Hydrants and hosepipes. What precautions are taken against contamination?
- (3) Number of water boats and their sanitary condition.

#### IV. Port Health Regulations, 1933 and 1945

- (1) Arrangements for dealing with Declarations of Health.
- (2) Boarding of vessels on arrival.
- (3) Notification to the Authority of inward vessels requiring special attention (wireless messages, land signal stations, information from pilots, Customs Officers, etc.).
  - (4) Mooring stations designated under Article 10: (a) within the docks, (b) outside the docks.
  - (5) Particulars of any standing exemptions from the provisions of Article 14.
  - (6) Experience of working of Article 16.
  - (7) What, if any, arrangements have been made for :—
    - (a) Premises and waiting rooms for medical examination.
    - (b) Cleansing and disinfection of ships, persons and clothing and other articles.
  - (c) Premises for the temporary accommodation of persons for whom such accommodation is required for the purposes of the Regulations.
  - (d) Hospital accommodation available for Plague, Cholera, Yellow Fever, Small pox and other infectious diseases.
    - (e) Ambulance transport.
    - (f) Supervision of contacts.
  - (8) Arrangements for the bacteriological or pathological examination of rats for plague.
  - (9) Arrangements for other bacteriological or pathological examinations.
- (10) Information as to the location, days and hours of the available facilities for the diagnosis and treatment of venereal disease among merchant seamen under international arrangements, including in-patient treatment; also as to the steps taken to make these facilities known to seamen.
  - (II) Arrangements for the interment of dead.
  - (12) Other matters, if any, requiring or receiving attention.

Table C

Cases of Infectious Sickness landed from Vessels

- Disease	No. of Cases during the year	No. of Vessels	Average No. of Cases for previous	
	. Passengers Crew	concerned	5 years	

TABLE D

Cases of Infectious Sickness occurring on Vessels during the voyage but disposed of prior to arrival

Disease	No. of Cases during the year  Passengers Crew	No. of Vessels concerned	Average No. of Cases for previous 5 years	
			•	

If any case of Plague, Cholera, Yellow Fever, Smallpox or Typhus occurred, or if plague-infected rats were discovered, or if any severe outbreak of Malaria occurred on an arriving ship during the year, a short account should be given of the steps taken.

### V. Measures against Rodents

- (1) Steps taken for detection of rodent plague (a) In ships in the port. (b) On quays, wharves, warehouses, &c., in the vicinity of the port.
- (2) Measures taken to prevent the passage of rats between ships and the shore.
- (3) Methods of deratisation of (a) Ships. (b) Premises in the vicinity of docks or quays.
- (4) Measures taken for the detection of rat prevalence in ships and on shore.
- (5) Rat-proofing.
  - (a) To what extent are docks, wharves, warehouses, &c., rat proof?
  - (b) Action taken to extend rat-proofing.
    - (i) in ships; (ii) on shore.

# Rats destroyed during the year

### TABLE E

### (I) On Vessels

Number of Rats	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Tota in Year
Black Brown Species not recorded Examined Infected with plague													

Table F
(2) In Docks, Quays, Wharves and Warehouses

Number of Rats	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total in Year
Black Species not recorded Examined Infected with plague							٩						

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TABLE G.

Measures of Rat Destruction on Plague "infected" or "suspected" Vessels or Vessels from plague infected ports arriving in the Port during the year

Number of such Vessels on which measures of Rat destruction were not carried out	∞:	
Number of Rats killed	7.	
Number of such Vessels on which trapping, poisoning, &c., were employed	9	
Number of Rats killed	ý	
Number of such Vessels fumigated by HCN	4/	
Number of Rats killed	က်	
Number of such Vessels fumigated by $SO_2$ .	2.	
Total number of such Vessels arriving	I.	

TABLE H.\*

Deratisation Certificates and Deratisation Exemption Certificates issued during the year

	5				
,	Total	Certificates Issued	ô.		
,	No. of Deratisation	Exemption Certificates Issued.	&		
		Total.	7.		
Certificates Issued		After Trapping, Poisoning, etc.	<b>,</b>		
No. of Deratisation Certificat	After fumigation with	rith	HCN and Sulphur	ν'n	
		Sulphur	,4,		
•		HCN	က်		
		No. of Ships	6		
		· ·		::::::	
				:::::::	
		Net Tonnage	Ĥ	Ships up to 300 tons from 301 tons to 1,000 tons 3,000 .,, 3,001 .,, 10,000 ., TOTALS	

\* Applicable only to those Ports approved by the Minister of Health for the issue of Deratisation Certificates and Deratisation Exemption Certificates in accordance with the provisions of Article 28 of the International Sanitary Convention, 1926. (Form Port 11.)

Liable to pollution and action has been taken under the Public Health (Shell-Fish) Regulations, 1934, prohibiting the sale of Cockles, linkles, Limpets or Fussels unless they are subjected to a satisfactory process of cleansing. Samples taken casually.



### VI. Hygiene of Crews' Spaces

TABLE J

Classification of Nuisances

Nationality of Vessel	Number inspected during the year	Defects of original construction	Structural defects through wear and tear	Dirt, vermin and other conditions prejudicial to health
British				
Other Nations	./			

### VII. Food Inspection

- (1) Action taken under the Public Health (Imported Food) Regulations, 1937, the Public Health (Imported Milk) Regulations, 1926, and the Public Health (Preservatives, &c., in Food) Regulations, 1925 to 1940.
- (2) Shell-fish. Information respecting any shell-fish beds or layings within the jurisdiction of the P.S.A. stating whether they are in the opinion of the Medical Officer liable to pollution. Report of any action taken under the Public Health (Shell-fish) Regulations, 1934, or the Food and Drugs Act, 1938.
  - (3) Number of Samples of Food examined by :—
    - (a) Bacteriologist.

Nature of Sample. Result of Examination

Nic.

(b) Analyst.

Nature of Sample. Result of Examination

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